# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

# **2019 REGULAR SESSION**

# Introduced

# House Bill 2763

BY DELEGATE HORNBUCKLE, FLUHARTY, SKAFF AND

BATES

[Introduced January 30, 2019; Referred

to the Committee on Industry and Labor then the

Judiciary.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §5-11-2, §5-11-3, §5-11-4, §5-11-8, §5-11-9, and §5-11-13 of the
Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §5-11A-3, §5-11A5, §5-11A-6, and §5-11A-7 of said code, all relating to unlawful discriminatory practices in
categories covered by the Human Rights Act and the Fair Housing Act; prohibiting
discrimination based upon age and sexual orientation, or gender identity; and defining
"sexual orientation" and "gender identity".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

# ARTICLE 11. HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION.

## §5-11-2. Declaration of policy.

1 It is the public policy of the State of West Virginia to provide all of its citizens' equal 2 opportunity for employment, equal access to places of public accommodations, and equal 3 opportunity in the sale, purchase, lease, rental, and financing of housing accommodations or real 4 property. Equal opportunity in the areas of employment and public accommodations is hereby 5 declared to be a human right or civil right of all persons without regard to race, religion, color, 6 national origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, blindness, or disability or 7 familial status. Equal opportunity in housing accommodations or real property is hereby declared 8 to be a human right or civil right of all persons without regard to race, religion, color, national 9 origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, blindness, disability, or familial 10 status.

The denial of these rights to properly qualified persons by reason of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual orientation, gender identity</u>, blindness, disability, or familial status is contrary to the principles of freedom and equality of opportunity and is destructive to a free and democratic society.

## §5-11-3. Definitions.

1 When used in this article:

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(a) The term "person" means one or more individuals, partnerships, associations,

3 organizations, corporations, labor organizations, cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees, 4 trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and other organized groups of persons; 5 (b) The term "commission" means the West Virginia Human Rights Commission: 6 (c) The term "director" means the executive director of the commission; 7 (d) The term "employer" means the state, or any political subdivision thereof, and any 8 person employing 12 or more persons within the state for 20 or more calendar weeks in the 9 calendar year in which the act of discrimination allegedly took place or the preceding calendar 10 year: Provided, That such the terms shall may not be taken, understood, or construed to include 11 a private club;

(e) The term "employee" shall <u>does</u> not include any individual employed by his or her
parents, spouse, or child;

(f) The term "labor organization" includes any organization which exists for the purpose,
in whole or in part, of collective bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances,
terms or conditions of employment, or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment;

(g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking, with or without
compensation, to procure, recruit, refer, or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity
of advertising in the normal course of its business shall may not be deemed considered to be an
employment agency;

(h) The term "discriminate" or "discrimination" means to exclude from, or fail or refuse to
extend, to a person, equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry,
sex, age, <u>sexual orientation, gender identity</u>, blindness, disability, or familial status and includes
to separate or segregate;

(i) The term "unlawful discriminatory practices" includes only those practices specified in
§5-11-9 of this code;

(j) The term "place of public accommodations" means any establishment or person, as
defined herein, including the state, or any political or civil subdivision thereof, which offers its

29 services, goods, facilities, or accommodations to the general public, but shall does not include 30 any accommodations which are in their nature private. To the extent that any penitentiary, state 31 correctional facility, detention center, regional jail, or <del>county</del> jail is a place of public 32 accommodation, the rights, remedies, and requirements provided by this article for any violation 33 of §5-11-9 (6) of this code shall do not apply to any person other than: (1) Any person employed 34 at a penitentiary state correctional facility, detention center, regional jail, or county jail; (2) any 35 person employed by a law-enforcement agency; or (3) any person visiting any such employee or 36 visiting any person detained in custody at such the facility;

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(k) The term "age" means the age of 40 or above;

(I) For the purpose of this article, a person shall be is considered to be blind only if his or
her central visual acuity does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with correcting lenses, or if his
or her visual acuity is greater than 20/200 but is occasioned by a limitation in the fields of vision
such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than twenty degrees;
and

43 (m) The term "disability" means:

(1) A mental or physical impairment which substantially limits one or more of such the
 person's major life activities. The term "major life activities" includes functions such as caring for
 one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and
 working;

48 (2) A record of such impairment; or

49 (3) Being regarded as having such an impairment.

50 For the purposes of this article, this term does not include persons whose current use of 51 or addiction to alcohol or drugs prevents such persons the individual from performing the duties 52 of the job in question or whose employment, by reason of such current alcohol or drug abuse, 53 would constitute a direct threat to property or the safety of others; and

54 (n) The term "gender identity" means the actual or perceived gender-related identity,

- 55 expression, appearance, mannerisms, or other gender-related characteristics of an individual,
- 56 regardless of the individual's designated sex at birth.
- 57 (o) The term "sexual orientation" means heterosexuality, bisexuality, homosexuality, or
- 58 gender identity or expression, whether actual or perceived.

## §5-11-4. Powers and objectives.

1 The commission shall have the power and authority and shall may perform the functions 2 and services as in this article prescribed and as otherwise provided by law. The commission shall 3 encourage and endeavor to bring about mutual understanding and respect among all racial, 4 religious, and ethnic groups within the state and shall strive to eliminate all discrimination in 5 employment and places of public accommodations by virtue of race, religion, color, national origin, 6 ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, blindness, or handicap disability or familial 7 status and shall strive to eliminate all discrimination in the sale, purchase, lease, rental, or 8 financing of housing and other real property by virtue of race, religion, color, national origin, 9 ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, blindness, handicap disability, or familial 10 status.

#### §5-11-8. Commission powers; functions; services.

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The commission is hereby authorized and empowered may:

(a) To Cooperate and work with federal, state, and local government officers, units,
activities, and agencies in the promotion and attainment of more harmonious understanding and
greater equality of rights between and among all racial, religious, and ethnic groups in this state;
(b) To Enlist the cooperation of racial, religious, and ethnic units, community and civic
organizations, industrial and labor organizations, and other identifiable groups of the state in
programs and campaigns devoted to the advancement of tolerance, understanding, and the equal
protection of the laws of all groups and peoples;

9 (c) To Receive, investigate, and pass upon complaints alleging discrimination in
10 employment or places of public accommodations, because of race, religion, color, national origin,

11 ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, blindness, or disability or familial status, and complaints alleging discrimination in the sale, purchase, lease, rental, and financing of 12 13 housing accommodations or real property because of race, religion, color, national origin, 14 ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, blindness, disability, or familial status, and 15 to initiate its own consideration of any situations, circumstances or problems, including therein 16 any racial, religious, or ethnic group tensions, prejudice, disorder, or discrimination reported or 17 existing within the state relating to employment, places of public accommodations, housing 18 accommodations, and real property;

(d) To Hold and conduct public and private hearings, in the county where the respondent
resides or transacts business or where agreed to by the parties or where the acts complained of
occurred, on complaints, matters, and questions before the commission and, in connection
therewith, relating to discrimination in employment or places of public accommodations, housing
accommodations, or real property and during the investigation of any formal complaint before the
commission relating to employment, places of public accommodations, housing accommodations,
or real property to:

(1) Issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum upon the approval of the executive
director or the chairperson of the commission; administer oaths; take the testimony of any person
under oath; and make reimbursement for travel and other reasonable and necessary expenses
in connection with such attendance;

30 (2) Furnish copies of public hearing records to parties involved therein upon their payment
31 of the reasonable costs thereof to the commission;

(3) Delegate to an administrative law judge who shall be is an attorney, duly licensed to
practice law in West Virginia, the power and authority to hold and conduct hearings, as herein
provided, to determine all questions of fact and law presented during the hearing and to render a
final decision on the merits of the complaint, subject to the review of the commission as hereinafter
set forth.

37	Any respondent or complainant who shall feels aggrieved at any final action of an
38	administrative law judge shall file a written notice of appeal with the commission by serving such
39	the notice on the executive director and upon all other parties within 30 days after receipt of the
40	administrative law judge's decision. The commission shall limit its review upon such appeals to
41	whether the administrative law judge's decision is:
42	(A) In conformity with the Constitution and the laws of the state and the United States;
43	(B) Within the commission's statutory jurisdiction or authority;
44	(C) Made in accordance with procedures required by law or established by appropriate
45	rules of the commission;
46	(D) Supported by substantial evidence on the whole record; or
47	(E) Not arbitrary, capricious, or characterized by abuse of discretion or clearly unwarranted
48	exercise of discretion.
49	(4) To enter into conciliation agreements and consent orders.
50	Each conciliation agreement shall include provisions requiring the respondent to refrain
51	from the commission of unlawful discriminatory practices in the future and shall contain such
52	further provisions as may be agreed upon by the commission and the respondent.
53	If the respondent and the commission agree upon conciliation terms, the commission shall
54	serve upon the complainant a copy of the proposed conciliation agreement. If the complainant
55	agrees to the terms of the agreement or fails to object to such the terms within 15 days after its
56	service upon him or her, the commission shall issue an order embodying such conciliation
57	agreement. If the complainant objects to the agreement, he or she shall serve a specification of
58	his or her objections upon the commission within such this period. Unless such the objections
59	are met or withdrawn within 10 days after service thereof, the commission shall notice the
60	complaint for hearing.
61	Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the commission may, where it finds
62	the terms of the conciliation agreement to be in the public interest, execute such the agreement,

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and limit the hearing to the objections of the complainant.

If a conciliation agreement is entered into, the commission shall serve a copy of the order
embodying such the agreement upon all parties to the proceeding.

66 Not later than one year from the date of a conciliation agreement, the commission shall 67 investigate whether the respondent is complying with the terms of such the agreement. Upon a 68 finding of noncompliance, the commission shall take appropriate action to assure compliance;

(5) To apply to the circuit court of the county where the respondent resides or transacts
business for enforcement of any conciliation agreement or consent order by seeking specific
performance of such agreement or consent order;

(6) To issue cease and desist orders against any person found, after a public hearing, to
have violated the provisions of this article or the rules of the commission;

(7) To apply to the circuit court of the county where the respondent resides or transacts
business for an order enforcing any lawful cease and desist order issued by the commission;

(e) To recommend to the Governor and Legislature policies, procedures, practices, and
 legislation in matters and questions affecting human rights;

(f) To delegate to its executive director such powers, duties, and functions as may be that
 are necessary and expedient in carrying out the objectives and purposes of this article;

(g) To prepare a written report on its work, functions, and services for each year ending
on June 30 and to deliver copies thereof to the Governor on or before December 1, next thereafter;
(h) To do all other acts and deeds necessary and proper to carry out and accomplish
effectively the objects, functions, and services contemplated by the provisions of this article,
including the promulgation of legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 et

seq. of this code, implementing the powers and authority hereby vested in the commission;

(i) To create such advisory agencies and conciliation councils, local, regional, or statewide,
as in its judgment will aid in effectuating the purposes of this article, to study the problems of
discrimination in all or specific fields or instances of discrimination because of race, religion, color,

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89 national origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, blindness, disability, or 90 familial status; to foster, through community effort or otherwise, goodwill, cooperation, and 91 conciliation among the groups and elements of the population of this state, and to make 92 recommendations to the commission for the development of policies and procedures, and for 93 programs of formal and informal education, which the commission may recommend to the 94 appropriate state agency. Such The advisory agencies and conciliation councils shall be 95 composed of representative citizens serving without pay. The commission may itself make the 96 studies and perform the acts authorized by this subdivision. It may, by voluntary conferences with 97 parties in interest, endeavor by conciliation and persuasion to eliminate discrimination in all the 98 stated fields and to foster goodwill and cooperation among all elements of the population of the 99 state:

(j) To accept contributions from any person to assist in the effectuation of the purposes of
this section and to seek and enlist the cooperation of private, charitable, religious, labor, civic,
and benevolent organizations for the purposes of this section;

(k) To issue such publications and such results of investigation and research as in its
judgment will tend to promote goodwill and minimize or eliminate discrimination: Provided, That
the identity of the parties involved shall may not be disclosed.

#### §5-11-9. Unlawful discriminatory practices.

1 It shall be is an unlawful discriminatory practice, unless based upon a bona fide 2 occupational qualification, or except where based upon applicable security regulations 3 established by the United States or the State of West Virginia or its agencies or political 4 subdivisions:

(1) For any employer to discriminate against an individual with respect to compensation,
hire, tenure, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment if the individual is able and competent
to perform the services required even if such the individual is blind, or disabled: *Provided*, That it
shall is not be an unlawful discriminatory practice for an employer to observe the provisions of

9 any bona fide pension, retirement, group or employee insurance, or welfare benefit plan or system
10 not adopted as a subterfuge to evade the provisions of this subdivision;

11 (2) For any employer, employment agency, or labor organization, prior to the employment 12 or admission to membership, to: (A) Elicit any information or make or keep a record of or use any 13 form of application or application blank containing questions or entries concerning the race, 14 religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, familial status, or 15 age of any applicant for employment or membership; (B) print or publish or cause to be printed or 16 published any notice or advertisement relating to employment or membership indicating any 17 preference, limitation, specifications, or discrimination based upon race, religion, color, national 18 origin, ancestry, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, familial status, or age; or (C) 19 deny or limit, through a guota system, employment or membership because of race, religion, 20 color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, blindness, or 21 disability, or familial status;

(3) For any labor organization because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry,
sex, age, <u>sexual orientation, gender identity</u>, blindness, <del>or</del> disability, <u>or familial status</u> of any
individual to deny full and equal membership rights to any individual or otherwise to discriminate
against such the individual with respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions, or privileges of
employment, or any other matter, directly or indirectly, related to employment;

27 (4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency, or any joint labor 28 management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:

(A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program registered with the State of West
Virginia on any basis other than their qualifications as determined by objective criteria which
permit review;

(B) Discriminate against any individual with respect to his or her right to be admitted to or
 participate in a guidance program, an apprenticeship training program, on-the-job training
 program, or other occupational training or retraining program;

(C) Discriminate against any individual in his or her pursuit of such these programs or to
discriminate against such a person in the terms, conditions or privileges of such these programs;
(D) Print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated any statement, advertisement, or
publication, or to use any form of application for these programs, or to make any inquiry in
connection with a program which expresses, directly or indirectly, discrimination or any intent to
discriminate unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification;

41 (5) For any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify properly, refer for employment
42 or otherwise to discriminate against any individual because of his or her race, religion, color,
43 national origin, ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual orientation, gender identity</u>, blindness, <del>or</del> disability, <u>or</u>
44 familial status;

45 (6) For any person being the owner, lessee, proprietor, manager, superintendent, agent,46 or employee of any place of public accommodations to:

(A) Refuse, withhold from, or deny to any individual because of his or her race, religion,
color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual orientation, gender identity</u>, blindness, or
disability, <u>or familial status</u>, either directly or indirectly, any of the accommodations, advantages,
facilities, privileges, or services of the place of public accommodations;

51 (B) Publish, circulate, issue, display, post, or mail, either directly or indirectly, any written 52 or printed communication, notice, or advertisement to the effect that any of the accommodations, 53 advantages, facilities, privileges, or services of any such place shall be refused, withheld from or 54 denied to any individual on account of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, 55 sexual orientation, gender identity, blindness, or disability or familial status, or that the patronage or custom thereat of any individual, belonging to or purporting to be of any particular race, religion, 56 57 color, national origin, ancestry, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or age, or familial status 58 who is blind or disabled, is unwelcome, objectionable, not acceptable, undesired or not solicited; 59 or

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(7) For any person, employer, employment agency, labor organization, owner, real estate

61 broker, real estate salesman, or financial institution to:

(A) Engage in any form of threats or reprisal, or to engage in, or hire, or conspire with
others to commit acts or activities of any nature, the purpose of which is to harass, degrade,
embarrass, or cause physical harm or economic loss or to aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce any
person to engage in any of the unlawful discriminatory practices defined in this section;

66 (B) Willfully obstruct or prevent any person from complying with the provisions of this 67 article, or to resist, prevent, impede, or interfere with the commission or any of its members or 68 representatives in the performance of a duty under this article; or

(C) Engage in any form of reprisal or otherwise discriminate against any person because
he or she has opposed any practices or acts forbidden under this article or because he or she
has filed a complaint, testified, or assisted in any proceeding under this article.

#### §5-11-13. Exclusiveness of remedy; exceptions.

1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, nothing contained in this article 2 shall may be deemed considered to repeal or supersede any of the provisions of any existing or 3 hereafter adopted municipal ordinance, municipal charter, or of any law of this state relating to 4 discrimination because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, blindness, gender identity, or disability, or familial status but as to acts declared 5 unlawful by §5-11-9 of this code the procedure herein provided shall, when invoked, be is 6 7 exclusive and the final determination therein shall excludes any other action, civil or criminal, 8 based on the same grievance of the complainant concerned. If such the complainant institutes 9 any action based on such that grievance without resorting to the procedure provided in this article. 10 he or she may not subsequently resort to the procedure herein. In the event of If there is a conflict 11 between the interpretation of a provision of this article and the interpretation of a similar provision 12 contained in any municipal ordinance authorized by charter, the interpretation of the provision in 13 this article shall apply applies to such the municipal ordinance.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a complainant may
institute an action against a respondent in the county wherein the respondent resides or transacts
business at any time within 90 days after the complainant is given notice of a right to sue pursuant
to this subsection or, if the statute of limitations on the claim has not expired at the end of such
the 90-day period, then at any time during which such the statute of limitations has not expired.
If a suit is filed under this section, the proceedings pending before the commission shall be
deemed considered concluded.

The commission shall give a complainant who has filed a complaint a notice of a right to sue upon: (1) The dismissal of the complaint for any reason other than an adjudication of the merits of the case; or (2) the request of a complainant at any time after the timely filing of the complaint in any case which has not been determined on its merits or has not resulted in a conciliation agreement to which the complainant is a party. Upon the issuance of a right to sue letter pursuant to subdivision (1) or (2), the commission may dismiss the complaint.

Notice of right to sue shall be given immediately upon complainant being entitled thereto, by personal service or certified mail, return receipt requested, which notice shall inform the complainant in plain terms of his or her right to institute a civil action as provided in this section within ninety days of the giving of such the notice. Service of the notice shall be is complete upon mailing.

32 (c) In any action filed under this section, if the court finds that the respondent has engaged 33 in or is engaging in an unlawful discriminatory practice charged in the complaint, the court shall 34 enjoin the respondent from engaging in such the unlawful discriminatory practice and order 35 affirmative action which may include, but is not limited to, reinstatement or hiring of employees, granting of back pay or any other legal or equitable relief as the court deems considers 36 37 appropriate. In actions brought under this section, the court in its discretion may award all or a 38 portion of the costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney fees and witness fees, to the 39 complainant.

(d) The provisions of this section shall be <u>are</u> available to all complainants whose active
cases are pending before the Human Rights Commission as well as those complainants who file
after the effective date of this section.

## ARTICLE 11A. WEST VIRGINIA FAIR HOUSING ACT.

### §5-11A-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (a) "Commission" means the West Virginia Human Rights Commission;

3 (b) "Dwelling" means any building, structure, or portion thereof which is occupied as, or
4 designed or intended for occupancy as, a residence or sleeping place by one or more persons or
5 families and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the construction or location
6 thereon of any such building, structure, or portion thereof;

7 (c) "Family" includes a single individual;

8 (d) "Person" includes one or more individuals, corporations, partnerships, associations,
9 labor organizations, legal representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, trusts,
10 unincorporated organizations, trustees, trustees in cases under Title 11 of the United States
11 Code, receivers, and fiduciaries;

(e) "To rent" includes to lease, to sublease, to let, and otherwise to grant for a
consideration the right to occupy premises not owned by the occupant;

(f) "Discriminatory housing practice" means an act that is unlawful under §5-11A-5, §511A-6, §5-11A-7, or §5-11A-19 of this code;

- 16 (g) "Disability" means, with respect to a person:
- 17 (1) A physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more of the person's18 major life activities;
- 19 (2) A record of having such an impairment; or

20 (3) Being regarded as having such an impairment, but the term does not include current,

21 illegal use of or addiction to a controlled substance, as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled

22 Substances Act. Title 21. United States Code. Section 802: 23 (h) "Aggrieved person" includes any person who: 24 (1) Claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing practice; or 25 (2) Believes that the person will be injured by a discriminatory housing practice that is 26 about to occur; 27 (i) "Complainant" means the person, including the commission, who files a complaint 28 under §11A-5-11 of this code; 29 (j) "Familial status" means: 30 (1) One or more individuals who have not attained the age of 18 years being domiciled 31 with: 32 (A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or 33 (B) The designee of the parent or other person having custody of the individual with the 34 written permission of the parent or other person; or 35 (2) Any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any 36 individual who has not attained the age of 18 years; 37 (k) "Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of issues raised by a complaint or by the 38 investigation of the complaint through informal negotiations involving the aggrieved person, the 39 respondent and the commission; 40 (I) "Conciliation agreement" means a written agreement setting forth the resolution of the 41 issues in conciliation; 42 (m) "Respondent" means: 43 (1) The person or other entity accused in a complaint of an unfair housing practice; and 44 (2) Any other person or entity identified in the course of investigation and notified as 45 required with respect to respondents identified under §5-11A-11(a) of this code;

- 46 (n) The term "rooming house" means a house or building where there are one or more
  47 bedrooms which the proprietor can spare for the purpose of giving lodgings to persons he or she
  48 chooses to receive; and
- 49 (o) The term "gender identity" means the actual or perceived gender-related identity,
   50 expression, appearance, mannerisms, or other gender-related characteristics of an individual,
   51 regardless of the individual's designated sex at birth.
- 52 (p) "Sexual orientation" means heterosexuality, bisexuality, homosexuality, or gender 53 identity or expression, whether actual or perceived;

54 (o) (q) The term "basic universal design" means the design of products and environments
55 to be useable by all people, to the greatest extent possible, without the need for adaptation or
56 specialization; and

57 (<del>p)</del> (<u>r</u>) "Assistance animal" means any service, therapy, or support animal, weighing less 58 than 150 pounds, with or without specific training or certification, that works, provides assistance, 59 or performs tasks for the benefit of a person with a disability, or provides emotional support that 60 alleviate one or more identified symptoms or effects of a person's disability.

#### §5-11A-5. Discrimination in sale or rental of housing and other prohibited practices.

As made applicable by §5-11A-4 of this code and except as exempted by §5-11A-4 and
 §5-11A-8 of this code, it is unlawful:

- 3 (a) To refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, or to refuse to negotiate
  4 for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any person because
  5 of race, color, religion, ancestry, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation, gender identity</u>, familial status,
  6 blindness, disability, or national origin;
- (b) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of sale or
  rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith, because of
  race, color, religion, ancestry, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation, gender identity</u>, familial status,
  blindness, disability, or national origin;

(c) To make, print, or publish, or cause to be made, printed, or published any notice,
statement, or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling that indicates any
preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation</u>,
<u>gender identity</u>, blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry, or national origin, or an intention to
make any such preference, limitation, or discrimination;

(d) To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, <u>age, sexual</u>
 <u>orientation, gender identity</u>, blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry, or national origin that
 any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale, or rental when the dwelling is in fact available;

(e) For profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by
representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or
persons of a particular race, color, religion, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation, gender identity</u>,
blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry, or national origin; or

(f) (1) To discriminate in the sale or rental, or to otherwise make unavailable or deny, a
dwelling to any buyer or renter because of a disability of: (A) That buyer or renter; (B) a person
residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is so sold, rented, or made available; or
(C) any person associated with that buyer or renter.

(2) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of sale or
rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection with the dwelling,
because of a disability of: (A) That person; (B) a person residing in or intending to reside in that
dwelling after it is so sold, rented, or made available; or (C) any person associated with that
person.

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(3) For purposes of this subdivision, discrimination includes:

(A) A refusal to permit, at the expense of the disabled person, reasonable modifications
of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by the person if the modifications may be
necessary to afford the person full enjoyment of the premises, except that, in the case of a rental,
the landlord may where it is reasonable to do so condition permission for a modification on the

37 renter agreeing to restore the interior of the premises to the condition that existed before the38 modification, reasonable wear and tear excepted;

(B) A refusal to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies, practices, or services
when the accommodations may be necessary to afford the person equal opportunity to use and
enjoy a dwelling; or

42 (C) In connection with the design and construction of covered multifamily dwellings for first
43 occupancy after the date that is 30 months after the date of enactment of the West Virginia Fair
44 Housing Act, a failure to design and construct those dwellings in a manner that:

45 (i) The public use and common use portions of the dwellings are readily accessible to and46 usable by disabled persons;

47 (ii) All the doors designed to allow passage into and within all premises within the dwellings
48 are sufficiently wide to allow passage by disabled persons in wheelchairs; and

49 (iii) All premises within the dwellings contain the following features of adaptive design: (I)
50 An accessible route into and through the dwelling; (II) light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats
51 and other environmental controls in accessible locations; (III) reinforcements in bathroom walls to
52 allow later installation of grab bars; and (IV) usable kitchens and bathrooms that an individual in
53 a wheelchair can maneuver about the space.

(4) Compliance with the appropriate requirements of the American National Standard for
Buildings and Facilities Providing Accessibility and Usability for Physically Handicapped People,
commonly cited as ANSI A117.1, suffices to satisfy the requirements of subparagraph (3)(C)(iii)
of this subdivision.

(5) (A) If a unit of general local government has incorporated into its laws the requirements
set forth in subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision, compliance with those laws satisfy the
requirements of that subparagraph.

(B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly
constructed covered multifamily dwellings for the purpose of making determinations as to whether
the design and construction requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision are met.

64 (C) The commission shall encourage, but may not require, units of local government to 65 include in their existing procedures for the review and approval of newly constructed covered 66 multifamily dwellings, determinations as to whether the design and construction of such dwellings 67 are consistent with subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision, and may provide technical assistance 68 to units of local government and other persons to implement the requirements of that 69 subparagraph.

(D) Nothing in this article requires the commission to review or approve the plans, designs,
 or construction of all covered multifamily dwellings to determine whether the design and
 construction of the dwellings are consistent with the requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this
 subdivision.

(6) (A) Nothing in paragraph (5) of this subdivision affects the authority and responsibility
of the commission or a local public agency to receive and process complaints or otherwise engage
in enforcement activities under this article.

(B) Determinations by a unit of general local government under subparagraphs (5)(A) and
(B) of this subdivision are not conclusive in enforcement proceedings under this article.

(7) As used in this section, the term "covered multifamily dwellings" means: (A) Buildings
consisting of four or more units if the buildings have one or more elevators; and (B) ground floor
units in other buildings consisting of four or more units.

82 (8) Nothing in this article invalidates or limits any law of this state or any political
83 subdivision of this state that requires dwellings to be designed and constructed in a manner that
84 affords disabled persons' greater access than is required by this article.

(9) This section does not require that a dwelling be made available to an individual whose
tenancy would constitute a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals or whose

tenancy would result in substantial physical damage to the property of others. The burden of
proving such the threat to health or safety or the likelihood of such damage is upon the
respondent.

90 (10) For the purposes of this subdivision, rules, policies, practices, or services regarding
91 animals are subject to the reasonable accommodation requirements of subparagraph (B),
92 paragraph (3) of this subdivision and the following provisions:

93 (A) In connection with a request for reasonable accommodation to the rules, policies, or
94 services, a person with a disability may be required to submit documentation, from a professional
95 treatment provider, of the disability related need for the assistance animal.

96 (i) Such Documentation is sufficient if it establishes that the assistance animal will provide
97 some type of disability-related assistance or emotional support.

98 (ii) A person with a disability may not be required to submit or provide access to medical
 99 records or medical providers, or to provide detailed or extensive information or documentation of
 100 a person's physical or mental impairments.

101 (B) A person with a disability may be denied the accommodation of an assistance animal102 if there is credible evidence that:

(i) The assistance animal poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others that cannot
be eliminated by another reasonable accommodation; or

(ii) The assistance animal would cause substantial physical damage to the property of
 other that cannot be reduced or eliminated by another reasonable accommodation.

107 (C) A determination that an assistance animal poses a direct threat of harm to others or 108 would cause substantial physical damage to the property of others must be based on an 109 individualized assessment that relies on objective evidence about the specific animal's actual 110 conduct.

(D) A request for a reasonable accommodation may not be unreasonably denied,
conditioned on payment of a fee or deposit or other terms and conditions applied to applicants or

residents with pets, and a response may not be unreasonably delayed.

#### §5-11A-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions.

(a) It is unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in
 residential real estate-related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available
 such a transaction or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction because of race, color,
 religion, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation, gender identity,</u> blindness, disability, familial status,
 ancestry, or national origin.

6 (b) As used in this section, the term "residential real estate-related transaction" means any7 of the following:

8 (1) The making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance: (A) For 9 purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing, or maintaining a dwelling; or (B) secured by 10 residential real estate; or

11 (2) The selling, brokering, or appraising of residential real property.

(c) Nothing in this article prohibits a person engaged in the business of furnishing
appraisals of real property to take into consideration factors other than race, color, religion,
national origin, ancestry, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation, gender identity</u>, blindness, disability, or
familial status.

#### §5-11A-7. Discrimination in provision of brokerage services.

It is unlawful to deny any person access to or membership or participation in any multiple
listing service, real estate broker's organization, or other service, organization, or facility relating
to the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against him or her in the terms
or conditions of such access, membership, or participation on account of race, color, religion, sex,
<u>age, sexual orientation, gender identity,</u> blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry, or national
origin.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to add "sexual orientation" and "gender identity" to the

categories covered by the Human Rights Act, prohibiting discrimination in employment and places of public accommodation. The bill adds "age", "sexual orientation" and "gender identity" to the categories covered by the Fair Housing Act prohibiting discrimination in housing. The bill defines "sexual orientation" and "gender identity".

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.